CLAIMS

1. A direct access storage device for buffering at least a portion of a multimedia program segmented into a custom ordered series of source program segments, each of the source program segments being representative of a unique portion of the multimedia program, the direct access storage device comprising:

at least one data storage disk having a plurality

at least one data storage disk having a plurality of data storing regions disposed on any of a lower disk surface and an upper disk surface;

a spindle motor for rotating the at least one data storage disk:

an actuat or having elongated arms;

a transducer disposed on each of the elongated arms; and

a controller for coordinating writing of the source program segments to the plurality of data storing regions, and for coordinating reading of the source program segments from the data storing regions as sequentially ordered local program segments.

2. A system as claimed in Claim 1, wherein:
the at least one data storage disk includes an
upper data storing region disposed on the upper disk
surface and a lower data storing region disposed on the
lower disk surface; and

the controller coordinates writing of the source program segments to the upper and lower data storing regions, and coordinates reading of the source program segments from the upper and lower data storing regions as sequentially ordered local program segments.

 1 3. A system as claimed in Claim 1, wherein:
2 the at least one data storage disk includes an
3 upper data storing region disposed on the upper disk
4 surface and a lower data storing region disposed on the
5 lower disk surface; and

the controller coordinates writing of a predetermined number of the source program segments to the upper and lower data storing regions, and coordinates reading of the predetermined number of source program segments from the upper and lower data storing regions as sequentially ordered local program segments.

4. A system as claimed in Claim 3, wherein the predetermined number of the source program segments is a number less than a number of the source program segments defining the entirety of the multimedia program.

5. A system as claimed in Claim 3, wherein each of the predetermined number of the source program segments is overwritten by a subsequently written source program segment on a first-written-first-read basis.

 6. A system as claimed in Claim 1, wherein the controller, in response to either one of a forward and a reverse presentation control signal, respectively coordinates forward sequential and reversed sequential reading of the source program segments from the plurality of data storing regions.

7. A system as claimed in Claim 1, wherein the source program segments are arranged in a plurality of packets, and the controller coordinates writing of the source program segments arranged in consecutive packets of

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the pluxality of packets alternately to the plurality of data storing regions. 7 A system as claimed in Claim 1, wherein the at 1 2 least one data storage disk comprises: 3 a first spiral data track disposed on either one 4 of the lower and upper disk surfaces; and a second spiral data track disposed on the other 5 6 one of the lower and upper disk surfaces. 7 1 A system as claimed in Claim 1, wherein the at least one data storage disk comprises: 2 3 a data band; an inner spiral diameter location and an outer 4 spiral diameter location defined within the data band; 5 a first spiral data track disposed on either one 6 7 of the lower and upper disk surfaces; 8 a second spiral data track disposed on the other 9 one of the lower and upper disk surfaces; and 10 the controller coordinates the progressive movement of the actuator substantially along the first 11 spiral data track until either one of the inner and outer 12 spiral diameter locations is reached, and coordinates the 13 14 progressive movement of the actuator substantially along the second spiral plata track until the other one of the 15 inner and outer spiral diameter locations is reached. 16 17 1 A system as claimed in Claim 9, wherein the controller coordinates writing of at least one source 2 program segment from a first transducer to the first spiral 3 data track during a single progression of the actuator 4 between the inner and outer spiral diameter locations, and 5 6 coordinates reading of at least one previously written source program segment from the first spiral data track by 7

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8 the first transducer during the single progression of the 9 actuator between the inner and outer spiral diameter 10 locations.

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11. A system as claimed in Claim 1, wherein the source program segments written to and read from the data storing regions are compressed program segments.

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12. A system as claimed in Claim 1, wherein a predetermined number of the source program segments are written to the plurality of data storing regions and define a presentation control window buffer, the source program segments being formatted in the presentation control window buffer in accordance with the equations:

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SC = D x M x L x S0; and PTD = D x M x L x T0;

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where:

SC is defined as a nominal storage capacity used for supporting the presentation control window buffer in megabytes;

D is defined as a number of data storage disk surfaces used for supporting the presentation control window buffer;

M is defined as a number of segment blocks per data storage disk surface used for supporting the presentation control window buffer;

L is defined as a length of each segment block as measured by the number of source program segments;

So is defined as an average size of each of the source program segments in megabytes;

25 PTD is defined as a duration of the presentation 26 control window buffer in seconds; and

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27 TO is defined as a decompressed full-motion program time in seconds corresponding to each of the source 28 29 program segments. 30 1 A system as claimed in Claim 1, wherein: the custom ordered series of source program 2 segments includes sequentially and non-sequentially ordered 3 program segments; and 4 5 the controller coordinates writing of the nonsequentially ordered source program segments to the 6 7 plurality of data storing regions, and coordinates reading of the non-sequentially ordered source program segments 8 from the data storing regions as sequentially ordered local 9 10 program segments. 11 1 A direct access storage device for buffering at least a portion of a multimedia program segmented into a 2 custom ordered series of source program segments, each of 3 4 the source program segments being representative of a unique portion of the multimedia program, the direct access 5 6 storage device comprising: 7 at least one data storage disk having a plurality of data storing regions disposed on any of a lower disk 8 9 surface and an upper disk surface: 10 a spindle motor for rotating the at least one 11 data storage disk; 12 an actuator having elongated upper and lower actuator arms; 13 14 an upper transducer disposed on the upper actuator arm and a lower transducer disposed on the lower 15 16 actuator arm; and 17 controller means for controlling the transfer of the source program degments from the upper and lower 18 transducers to the plurality of data storing regions, and 19

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for controlling the transfer of the source program segments as sequentially ordered local program segments from the data storing regions to the upper and lower transducers.

15. A system as claimed in Claim 14, wherein:
the at least one data storage disk includes an
upper data storing region disposed on the upper disk
surface and a lower data storing region disposed on the
lower disk surface; and

the controller means includes means for controlling the transfer of the source program segments from the upper and lower transducers respectively to the upper and lower data storing regions, and for controlling the transfer of the source program segments as the sequentially ordered local program segments respectively from the upper and lower data storing regions to the upper and lower transducers.

16. A system as claimed in Claim 14, wherein:
the at least one data storage disk includes an upper data storing region disposed on the upper disk surface and a lower data storing region disposed on the lower disk surface; and

the controller means includes means for controlling the transfer of a predetermined number of the source program segments from the upper and lower transducers respectively to the upper and lower data storing regions, and for controlling the transfer of the predetermined number of the source program segments as the sequentially ordered local program segments respectively from the upper and lower data storing regions to the upper and lower transducers.

 17. A system as claimed in Claim 16, wherein each of the predetermined number of source program segments is overwritten by a subsequently transferred source program segment on a first-written-first-read basis.

18. A system as claimed in Claim 14, wherein the controller means includes means, responsive to either one of a forward and a reverse presentation control signal, for respectively controlling forward sequential and reversed sequential transferring of the source program segments respectively from the upper and lower data storing regions to the upper and lower transducers.

19. A system as claimed in Claim 14, wherein the source program segments are arranged in a plurality of packets, and the controller means includes means for controlling the transfer of the source program segments arranged in consecutive packets of the plurality of packets alternately from the upper and lower transducers to the upper and lower data storing regions, respectively.

20. A system as claimed in Claim 14, wherein the at least one data storage disk comprises:

a first spiral data track disposed on either one of the lower and upper disk syrfaces; and

a second spiral data track disposed on the other one of the lower and upper disk surfaces.

- 21. A system as claimed in Claim 14, wherein the at least one data storage disk comprises:
- a data band;

an inner spiral diameter location and an outer spiral diameter location defined within the data band;

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a lower spiral data track disposed on the lower 6 7 disk surface; 8 an upper spiral data track disposed on the upper 9 disk surface; and 10 the controller means includes means for controlling the progressive movement of the upper 11 transducer substantially along the upper spiral data track 12 until either one of the inner and outer spiral diameter 13 locations is reached, and for controlling the progressive 14 movement of the lower transducer substantially along the 15 16 lower spiral data track until the other one of the inner and outer spiral diameter locations is reached. 17

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11 12 22. A system as claimed in Claim 21, wherein the controller means includes means for controlling the transfer of at least one source program segment from either one of the lower and upper transducers respectively to either one of the lower and upper spiral data tracks during a single progression between the inner and outer spiral diameter locations, and for controlling the transfer of at least one previously transferred source program segment from either one of the lower and upper spiral data tracks respectively to either one of the lower and upper transducers during the single progression between the inner and outer spiral diameter locations.

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23. A system as claimed in Claim 14, wherein:
the custom ordered series of source program
segments includes non-sequentially and sequentially ordered
program segments; and
the controller means for dontrolling the transfer
of the non-sequentially ordered source program segments
from the upper and lower transducers to the plurality of
data storing regions, and for controlling the transfer of

Page 104 IBM R0995-043 M&G 10790.42US01 Patent Application the non-sequentially ordered source program segments as sequentially ordered local program segments from the data storing regions to the upper and lower transducers.

24. A method for transferring source program segments representative of a multimedia program to and from a direct access storage device, wherein each of the source program segments represents a unique portion of the multimedia program, the method comprising:

providing a direct access storage device having a plurality of data storing regions defined on a surface of at least one data storage disk disposed in the direct access storage device;

writing the source program segments to at least two of the plurality of data storing regions; and reading the source program segments from the at least two of the plurality of data storing regions as sequentially ordered local program segments.

 25. A method as claimed in Claim 24, wherein:
the source program segments include sequentially
and non-sequentially ordered program segments;

the writing step includes the further step of writing the non-sequentially ordered program segments to the at least two of the plurality of data storing regions; and

the reading step includes the further step of reading the non-sequentially ordered program segments from the at least two of the plurality of data storing regions as the sequentially ordered local program segments.

A method as claimed in Claim 24, wherein the at 1 least two of the plurality of data storing regions are 2 defined along spiral data tracks provided on the surface of 3 the at least one data\storage disk. 4 5 A method as claimed in Claim 24, wherein: 1 27. 2 the source program segments are arranged in 3 packets; and the writing step includes the further step of 4 writing the source program segments of consecutive packets 5 alternately to the at least two of the plurality of data 6 7 storing regions. 8 A method as ϕ laimed in Claim 24, wherein: 1 28. 2 the at least one data storage disk comprises: 3 a data/band: 4 an inner diameter location and an outer diameter location defined within the data band; 5 6 a lower disk surface including a lower data 7 storing region; and 8 an upper disk surface including an upper 9 data storing region; and the writing and reading steps include the further 10 11 steps of: writing at least one of the source program 12 segments and reading at least one previously written source 13 program segment respectively to and from the lower data 14 15 storing region; and writing at least another one of the source 16 program segments and reading at least another previously 17 written source program segment respectively to and from the 18 upper data storing region. 19

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